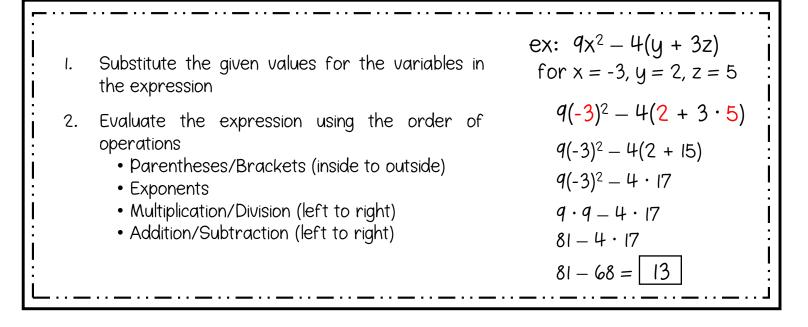


#### **Evaluating Algebraic Expressions**



#### The Distributive Property

. <u> </u>	Multiply the number outside the parentheses by	ex: 5(8x - 3)
	each term in the parentheses.	5(8x - 3)
2.	Keep the addition/subtraction sign between each term.	5(8x) - 5(3)
! :		$\frac{40x - 15}{2}$

# Simplifying Algebraic Expressions

і ! ! !	Clear any parentheses using the Distributive Property	ex: $2(3x - 4) - 12x + 9$
2.	Add or subtract like terms (use the sign in front of each term to determine whether to add or subtract)	2(3x - 4) - 12x + 9 6x - 8 - 12x + 9 -6x + 1

Evaluate each expression for a = 9, b = -3, c = -2, d = 7. Show your work.

і. а - cd	2. 2b <sup>3</sup> + c <sup>2</sup>	3. $\frac{a+d-c}{b}$	4. (a – b)² + d(a + c)
5. 4c – (b – a)	6. a/b - 5a	7. 2bc + d(12 – 5)	8. b + 0.5[8 – (2c + α)]

Simplify each expression using the Distributive Property.

9. 5(2g - 8)	10. 7(y + 3)	113(4w – 3)	12. (6r + 3)2

Simplify each expression, showing all work.

13. 8(x + 1) - 12x	14. 6w – 7 + 12w – 3z	15. 9n - 8 + 3(2n - 11)	16. 3(7x + 4y) - 2(2x + y)
17. (15 + 8d)(-5) - 24d + d	18. 9(b - 1) - c + 3b + c	19. 20f - 4(5f + 4) + 16	20. 8(h - 4) - h - (h + 7)

## Solving One-Step Equations

ex: -18 = 6j

-18 = 6j

-3 = j

j = -3

+ 4x -

- Cancel out the number on the same side of the ١. equal sign as the variable using inverse operations (addition/subtraction; multiplication/division)
- 2. Be sure to do the same thing to both sides of the equation!

## Solving Two-Step Equations

ex:  $\frac{a}{7} - 12 = -9$ Undo operations one at a time with inverse ١. operations, using the order of operations in  $\frac{a}{7} - \frac{12}{12} = -9 + \frac{12}{12} + \frac{12}{12}$ reverse (i.e. undo addition/subtraction before multiplication/division)  $7 \times \frac{a}{7} = 3 \times 7$ Be sure to always do the same thing to both 2. sides of the equation! <u>a =</u> 21

# Solving Multi-Step Equations

	Clear any parentheses using the Distributive Property	ex: $5(2x - 1) = 3x + 4x - 10x - 5 = 3x + 4x - 1$
2.	Combine like terms on each side of the equal sign	10x - 5 = 7x - 1 - 7x - 7x
3.	Get the variable terms on the same side of the equation by adding/subtracting a variable term to/from both sides of the equation to cancel it out on one side	3x - 5 = -1 + 5 + 5
4. : 	The equation is now a two-step equation, so finish solving it as described above	$\frac{3x = 4}{3}$ $x = \frac{4}{3}$

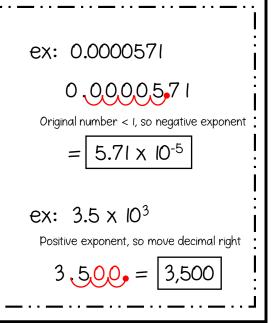
Solve each equation, showing all work.

2i. $f - 64 = -23$ 22. $-7 = 2d$ 23. $\frac{b}{-12} = -6$ 24. $13 = m + 2l$ 25. $5x - 3 = -2\delta$ 26. $\frac{w + \delta}{-3} = -9$ 27. $-\delta + \frac{h}{q} = 13$ 26. $22 = 64 + 7$ 29. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + l$ 30. $-2(6d - \delta) = 20$ 3i. $7r + 2l = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$ 33. $5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$ 34. $3d - 4 + d = \delta d - (-l2)$ 35. $f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)$ 36. $-2(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$				
25. $5x - 3 = -28$ 26. $\frac{w + \delta}{-3} = -9$ 27. $-8 + \frac{h}{44} = -13$ 28. $22 = 643 + 7$ 29. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 21 = 44r$ 32. $-9g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$	21. f - 64 = -23	227 = 2d	$\frac{b}{-12} = -6$	24. 13 = m + 21
24. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 21 = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
24. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 21 = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
24. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 2I = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
24. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 2I = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
24. $8x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - 8) = 20$ 31. $7r + 21 = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
24. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 2I = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
24. $\delta x - 4 = 3x + 1$ 30. $-2(5d - \delta) = 20$ 31. $7r + 2I = 44r$ 32. $-4g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$				
	25. $5x - 3 = -28$	26. $\frac{w+8}{-3} = -9$	27. $-8 + \frac{h}{4} = 13$	28. 22 = 6y + 7
			21 710 . 01 11/10	$22 (4\pi - 2) - 2(2\pi + 0)$
33. $5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$ 34. $3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$ 35. $f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)$ 36. $-2(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$	24. $0X - 4 = 5X + 1$	302(50 - 6) = 20	$51. 71^{\circ} + 21 = 441^{\circ}$	524g - 5 = -5(5g + 2)
33. $5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$ 34. $3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$ 35. $f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)$ 36. $-2(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$				
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33. 5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1) $34. 3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$ $35. f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)$ $362(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$				
33. $5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$ 34. $3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$ 35. $f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)$ 36. $-2(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$				
	33. $5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$	34. $3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$	35. f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)	362(y - I) = 4y - (y + 2)

#### Scientific Notation

<u>Standard Form to Scientific Notation</u>: move the decimal after the first non-zero digit and eliminate any trailing zeros. Multiply by 10 to the power equal to the number of places you moved the decimal point. If the original number was greater than 1, the exponent is positive. If the number was less than 1, the exponent is negative.

<u>Scientific Notation to Standard Form</u>: move the decimal point the number of places indicated by the exponent. If the exponent is positive, move the decimal right. If negative, move left.



### Negative Exponents & Simplifying Monomials

Zero Exponent: Any number raised to the zero power equals 1	ex: $y^0 = 1$
<u>Negative Exponent</u> : Move the base to the opposite side of the fraction line and make the exponent positive	ex: $x^{-4} = \frac{1}{x^4}$
Monomial x Monomial: Multiply the coefficients and add the exponents of like bases	ex: $(4x^3)(2x^5) = \delta x^8$
Monomial ÷ Monomial: Divide the coefficients and subtract the exponents of like bases	ex: $\frac{a}{a^6} = a^{-5} = \frac{1}{a^5}$
<u>Power of a Monomial</u> : Raise each base (including the coefficient) to that power. If a base already has an exponent, multiply the two exponents	ex: $(-2fg^5)^3 = -8f^3g^{15}$
<u>Power of a Quotient</u> : Raise each base (including the coefficient) to that power. If a base already has an exponent, multiply the two exponents	$\operatorname{ex:} \left(\frac{5d^3}{c}\right)^2 = \frac{25d^6}{c^2}$

#### Convert each number to Scientific Notation.

37. 67,000,000,000	38. 0.0009213	39. 0.0000000004	40. 3,201,000,000,000,000

Convert each number to Standard Form.

41. 5.92 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	42. I.I X 10 <sup>7</sup>	43. 6.733 x 10⁻ <sup>8</sup>	44. 3.27 x 10 <sup>2</sup>

Simplify each expression. Write your answers using only positive exponents.

45. ω <sup>-9</sup>	46. <u>m<sup>5</sup></u> m <sup>2</sup>	47. f <sup>5</sup> · f <sup>3</sup>	<sup>48.</sup> $\left(\frac{h^2}{g}\right)^3$
49. (a <sup>5</sup> ) <sup>2</sup>	50. $\frac{1}{b^{-3}}$	51. Z <sup>0</sup>	52. 4r <sup>6</sup> · 3r · 2r <sup>2</sup>
$\frac{53.}{3q^{-3}}$	<sup>54.</sup> <u>8d<sup>3</sup></u> 2cd <sup>-2</sup>	55. (g <sup>4</sup> h) <sup>2</sup> · (2g <sup>3</sup> h <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>2</sup>	56. (6a) <sup>0</sup>
57. (-3n²k <sup>4</sup> )²	<sup>58.</sup> $\left(\frac{\omega^5 x^{-2} y}{\omega^2 x y^4}\right)^3$	<sup>59.</sup> <u>6 · 10<sup>7</sup></u> 2 · 10 <sup>3</sup>	60. (1.5 · 10 <sup>-6</sup> ) · (4 · 10 <sup>9</sup> )

#### Slope & Rate of Change

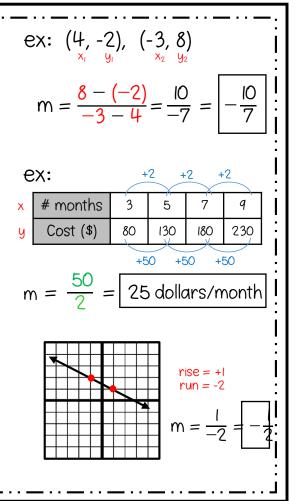
Finding the Slope Given Two Points: Use the coordinates from the points in the slope formula:

Slope (m) = 
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Finding the Rate of Change From a Table: Determine the amount the dependent variable (y) is changing and the amount the independent variable (x) is changing.

Rate of Change =  $\frac{\text{change in y}}{\text{change in x}}$ 

<u>Finding the Slope From a Graph</u>: Choose 2 points on the graph. Find the vertical change (rise) and horizontal change (run) between the 2 points and write it as a fraction  $\frac{rise}{run}$ . (Up is positive, down is negative, right is positive, and left is negative).



# **Graphing Linear Equations**

ex: y = 2x - 4<u>Slope-Intercept Form</u>: y = mx + bslope y-intercept y-intercept: -4 slope:  $2 = \frac{2}{1}$  rise How To Graph: Make a point on the y-axis at the y-intercept. 1. Use the slope to determine where to make the 2. next point. The numerator tells you the rise (how far up/down) and the denominator tells you the run (how far right/left) to make the next point. Repeat to make more points and then connect 3. the points with a line.

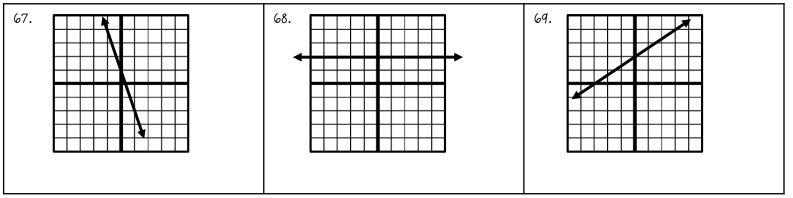
#### Find the slope of the line that passes through the points. Show your work.

61. (-5, 3), (2, 1)	62. (8, 4), (11, 6)	63. (9, 3), (9, -1)	64. (-4, -2), (-6, 4)

Find the rate of change. Show your work.

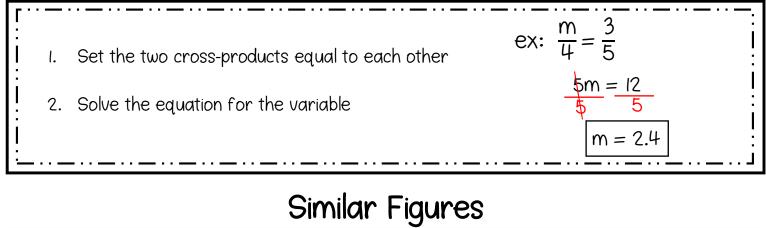
65.	Number of Hours	3	6	9	12		66.	Number of Weeks	I	3	5	7
	Distance (in miles)	135	270	405	540			Pounds	173	169	165	161
						•						

Find the slope of the line.

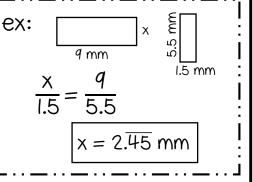


Graph the line.

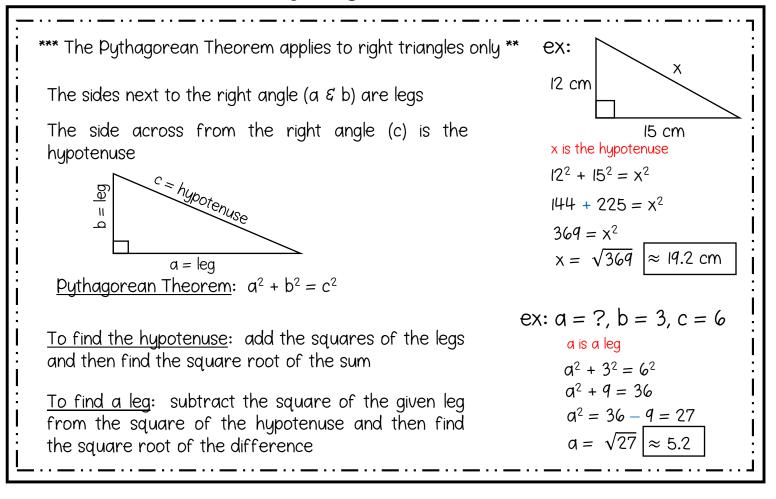
70. $y = -x - 3$	<sup>71.</sup> $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$	72. $y = -3x - 1$
73. $y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 2$	74. $y = 2x + 1$	75. $y = \frac{1}{4}x$



To find a missing side length, set up a proportion, ١. matching up corresponding sides. Solve the proportion using the steps above. 2.



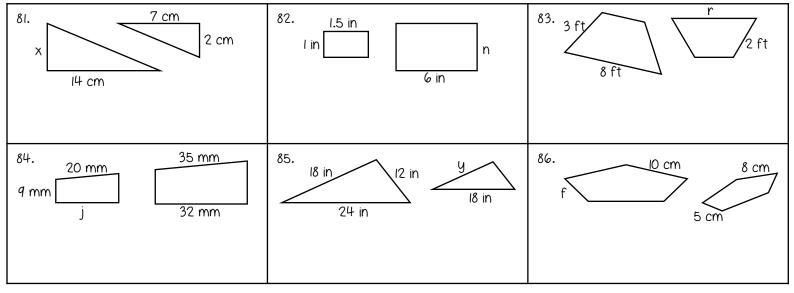
# The Pythagorean Theorem



Solve each proportion, showing all work.

$\frac{76.}{7} = \frac{4}{m}$	$\frac{77}{5} = \frac{k}{3}$	$\frac{78}{7} = \frac{8}{2}$	$\frac{79}{n} = \frac{9}{36}$	$\frac{80.}{21} = \frac{3}{c}$

Assume each pair of figures is similar. Find the missing side length, showing all work.



Find the missing side length in each right triangle to the nearest tenth. Show your work!

87. a = 6, b = 8, c = ?	88. a=?, b=9cm, c = 13cm	89. a = 7, b = ?, c = 14	90. a = 14 in, b = 14 in, c = ?
$\begin{array}{c} q_{1.} \\ 3 \\ \hline \\ x \\ \end{array}$	92. X IO mm IO mm	93. 5 in X	94. 20 18 x
95. 15	96. 104 in 52 in x	97. <u>35 ft</u> 10 ft	98. x 24 cm 20 cm

Determine whether or not you can form a right triangle from the given side lengths. Explain.

99. 18, 22, 26	100. 5, 12, 13

Evaluate each expression for a = 9, b = -3, c = -2, d = 7. Show your work.

1. a - cd	2. $2b^3 + c^2$	3. $\frac{a+d-c}{b}$	4. $(a - b)^2 + d(a + c)$
23	-50	-6	193
5. 4c – (b – a)	6.	7. 2bc + d(12 – 5)	8. b + 0.5[8 - (2c + a)]
4	-48	61	-1.5

Simplify each expression using the Distributive Property.

9. 5(2g - 8)	10. 7(y + 3)	113(4w – 3)	12. (6r + 3)2
10g - 40	7y + 21	-12w + 9	12r + 6

Simplify each expression, showing all work.

13. 8(x + 1) - 12x	14. 6w – 7 + 12w – 3z	15. 9n - 8 + 3(2n - 11)	16. 3(7x + 4y) – 2(2x + y)
-4x + 8	18w - 3z - 7	15n - 41	17x + 10y
17. (15 + 8d)(-5) - 24d + d	18. 9(b - 1) - c + 3b + c	19. 20f - 4(5f + 4) + 16	20. 8(h - 4) - h - (h + 7)
-63d - 75	12b - 9	0	6h - 39

Solve each equation, showing all work.

21. f - 64 = -23	227 = 2d	23. $\frac{b}{-12} = -6$	24. 13 = m + 21
f = 41	$d = -7/_2 = -3.5$	b = 72	m = -8
25. $5x - 3 = -28$	$26.  \frac{\omega+8}{-3}=-9$	27. $-8 + \frac{h}{4} = 13$	28. 22 = 6y + 7
x = -5	$\omega = 19$	h = 84	$y = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5$
29. $8x - 4 = 3x + 1$	30. −2(5d − 8) = 20	31. 7r + 21 = 49r	32. $-9g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$
x = 1	x = -2/5 = -0.4	r = 1/2 = 0.5	no solution
33. $5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$	34. $3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$	35. f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)	36. $-2(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$
x = -3	d = -4	all real numbers	$y = \frac{4}{5} = 0.8$

Convert each number to Scientific Notation.

37. 67,000,000,000	38. 0.0009213	39. 0.0000000004	40. 3,201,000,000,000,000
6.7 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	9.213 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	4 × 10-11	3.201 × 10 <sup>15</sup>

Convert each number to Standard Form.

41. 5.92 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	42. I.I x 10 <sup>7</sup>	43. 6.733 x 10⁻ <sup>8</sup>	44. 3.27 x 10 <sup>2</sup>
0.0000592	11,000,000	0.0000006733	327

Simplify each expression. Write your answers using only positive exponents.

45. ω <sup>-9</sup> <mark>   ω 9</mark>	<sup>46.</sup> $\frac{m^5}{m^2}$ m <sup>3</sup>	47. f <sup>5</sup> ·f <sup>3</sup> f <sup>8</sup>	$\frac{48.}{\left(\frac{h^2}{g}\right)^3} \frac{h^6}{g^3}$
49. (a <sup>5</sup> ) <sup>2</sup>	50. $\frac{1}{b^{-3}}$	51. z <sup>0</sup>	52.4r <sup>6</sup> · 3r · 2r <sup>2</sup>
a <sub>io</sub>	b <sup>3</sup>	1	24r <sup>9</sup>
$\frac{53.}{3q^{-2}}$	$\frac{54}{2 \text{ cd}^{-2}}$	55. $(g^4h)^2 \cdot (2g^3h^{-1})^2$	56. (6a) <sup>0</sup>
$   \begin{array}{r} 53.  \frac{qp^{-2}}{3q^{-3}} \\  \frac{3q^{3}}{p^{2}} \end{array} $	$   \frac{54}{2cd^{-2}}   \frac{4d^{5}}{c} $	4g <sup>ı4</sup>	I
57. (-3n²k <sup>4</sup> )²	$\int_{0}^{58.} \left(\frac{\omega^5 x^{-2} y}{\omega^2 x y^4}\right)^3$	<sup>59.</sup> $\frac{6 \cdot 10^7}{2 \cdot 10^3}$	60. (1.5 · 10 <sup>-6</sup> ) · (4 · 10 <sup>9</sup> )
9n <sup>4</sup> k <sup>8</sup>	<sup>58.</sup> $\left(\frac{\omega^5 x^{-2} y}{\omega^2 x y^4}\right)^3$ $\frac{\omega^q}{x^q y^q}$	3 · 10 <sup>4</sup>	6 · 10 <sup>3</sup>

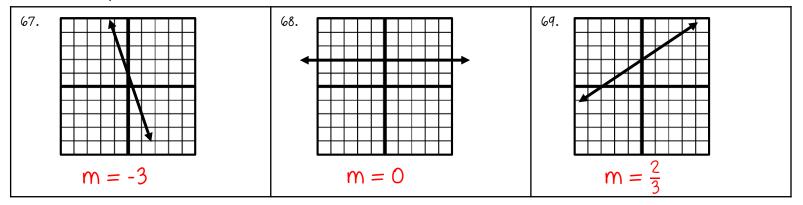
Find the slope of the line that passes through the points. Show your work.

61. (-5, 3), (2, 1)	62. (8, 4), (11, 6)	63. (9, 3), (9, -1)	64. (-4, -2), (-6, 4)
$m = -\frac{2}{7}$	$m = \frac{2}{3}$	m = undefined	m = -3

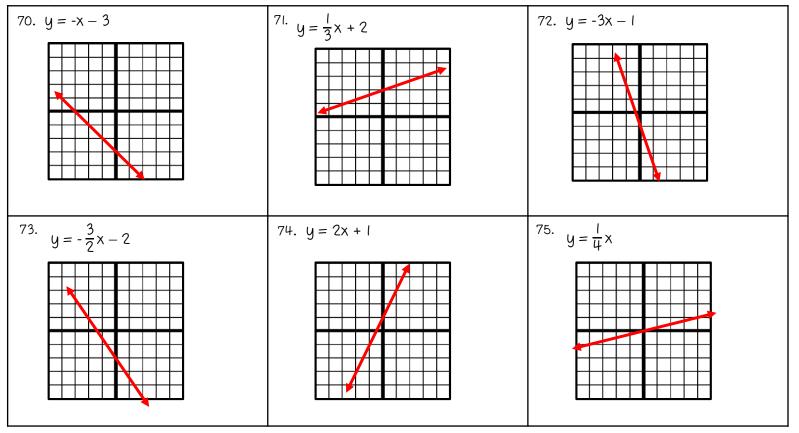
Find the rate of change. Show your work.

65.	Number of Hours	3	6	q	12		66.	Number of Weeks	1	3	5	7	]
	Distance (in miles)	135	270	405	540			Pounds	173	169	165	161	
45 miles per hour						-2 poun	ds pe	er we	eek	-	-		

Find the slope of the line.



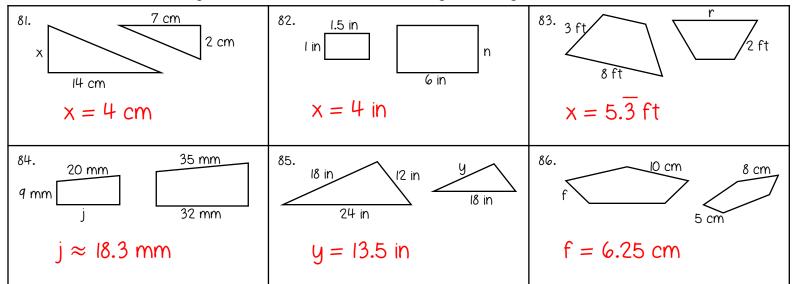
Graph the line.



Solve each proportion, showing all work.

$\frac{76.}{7} = \frac{4}{m}$	<sup>77.</sup> $\frac{12}{5} = \frac{k}{3}$	$\frac{78}{7} = \frac{8}{2}$	$\frac{79}{n} = \frac{9}{36}$	$\frac{80.}{21} = \frac{3}{c}$
$m = 4.\overline{6}$	k = 7.2	h = 28	h = 88	h = 15.75

Assume each pair of figures is similar. Find the missing side length to the nearest tenth.



Find the missing side length in each right triangle to the nearest tenth. Show your work!

87. a = 6, b = 8, c = ?	88. a=?, b =9cm, c = 13cm	89. a = 7, b = ?, c = 14	90. a = 14 in, b = 14 in, c = ?	
c = 10 units	$a \approx 9.4 \text{ cm}$	$b \approx 12.1$ units	$c \approx 19.8$ in	
$q_{1.}$ $3 \frac{5}{x}$	92. x 10 mm	93. 5 in X	94. 20 18 X	
x = 4 units	$x \approx 14.1 \text{ mm}$	$x \approx 8.6$ in	$x \approx 8.7$ units	
95. 15	96. 104 in 52 in x	97. 35 ft 10 ft	98. x 24 cm 20 cm	
$x \approx 19.8$ units	$x \approx 116.3$ in	x ≈ 33.5 ft	x ≈ 13.3 cm	

Determine whether or not you can form a right triangle from the given side lengths. Explain.

99. 18, 22, 26 5, 12, 13 100. No;  $18^2 + 22^2 \neq 26^2$ Yes:  $5^2 + 12^2 = 13^2$